

United States Patent and Trademark Office

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/612,415	07/03/2003	Kil-soo Jung	1293.1900	3598
49455 7590 08/06/2007 STEIN, MCEWEN & BUI, LLP 1400 EYE STREET, NW			EXAMINER	
			BASHORE, WILLIAM L	
SUITE 300 WASHINGTON, DC 20005			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
	•		2176	·
				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			08/06/2007	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

		mN
	Application No.	Applicant(s)
	10/612,415	JUNG ET AL.
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit
	William L. Bashore	2176
The MAILING DATE of this communication a Period for Reply	appears on the cover sheet w	ith the correspondence address
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REI WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory per - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by sta Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the may earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	DATE OF THIS COMMUNION (1.136(a)). In no event, however, may a reliated will apply and will expire SIX (6) MON that the cause the application to become AB	CATION. eply be timely filed ITHS from the mailing date of this communication. BANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).
Status		
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 22	2 May 2007.	
	his action is non-final.	
3) Since this application is in condition for allow closed in accordance with the practice under		
Disposition of Claims		
4) ☐ Claim(s) 1-4,6-14,17-20,22,25-27 and 34-5. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are without is/are allowed. 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☐ Claim(s) 1-4,6-14,17-20,22,25-27 and 34-5. 7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and	drawn from consideration. 2 is/are rejected.	ation.
Application Papers		
9) The specification is objected to by the Exam		houth a Formation
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) a Applicant may not request that any objection to t		
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the con	- · ·	
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the		
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119		
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for fore a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority docume 2. Certified copies of the priority docume 3. Copies of the certified copies of the p application from the International Burn * See the attached detailed Office action for a least	ents have been received. ents have been received in A riority documents have been eau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	pplication No received in this National Stage
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	Paper No(s	Summary (PTO-413) s)/Mail Date nformal Patent Application

Art Unit: 2176

DETAILED ACTION

- 1. This action is responsive to communications: RCE/amendment filed 5/22/2007, to the original application filed 7/3/2003, with priority filing date of 7/5/2002.
- 2. Claims 1-4,6-14,17-20,22,25-27 and 34-52 pending. Claims 15-17 remain non-elected. Claims 1, 6, 7, 9, 17, 20, 22, 25, 34, 50, 51, 52 are independent.

Continued Examination Under 37 CFR 1.114

3. A request for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, including the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e), was filed in this application after final rejection. Since this application is eligible for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, and the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e) has been timely paid, the finality of the previous Office action has been withdrawn pursuant to 37 CFR 1.114. Applicant's submission filed on 5/22/2007 has been entered.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 101

4. 35 U.S.C. 101 reads as follows:

Whoever invents or discovers any new and useful process, machine, manufacture, or composition of matter, or any new and useful improvement thereof, may obtain a patent therefor, subject to the conditions and requirements of this title.

5. The claimed invention (as claimed in claims 1-4, 6-8, 9-14, 25-27, 34-49) is directed to non-statutory subject matter.

In regard to independent claims 1, 6, 7, 9 (and dependent claims 2-4, 8, 10-14 by virtue of their dependence upon the above cited independent claims), each of said independent claims recite "A data storage medium, comprising:". Said claims do not recite any computer executable instructions imparting any

Art Unit: 2176

functional interoperability, rendering the limitations of each said claims as directed to a mere listing of items (e.g. AV data, markup document, etc. contained in a storage medium). As such, said claims are directed to non-statutory subject matter.

In regard to independent claims 25, 34 (and dependent claims 26-27, 35-49 by virtue of their dependence upon the above cited independent claims), each of said independent claims recite "An apparatus to reproduce data... comprising:". The examiner cannot find any limitations coupling said limitations to said apparatus, rendering the limitations of each said claims as directed to software per se (data structures) which is not tied to any of the technological arts. As such, said claims are directed to non-statutory subject matter.

The examiner's suggestion of adding a limitation of "a processor" within each said independent claim would serve to overcome this rejection.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

6. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

Claim 47 recites the limitation "...comprises the CSS file." There is insufficient antecedent basis for this limitation in the claim.

Claim 48 recites "The apparatus of claim 48,...". There is insufficient antecedent basis for this limitation in the claim (claim depends upon itself).

Art Unit: 2176

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

7. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

8. Claims 1-4, 6-14, 17-18, 20, 22, 25-27, 34-49, 51-52 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Lamkin et al. (hereinafter Lamkin 011), U.S. Publication No. US 2002/0088011 A1, in view of Lamkin et al. (hereinafter Lamkin 344), U.S. Publication No. US 2006/0117344 A1, and further in view of Berstis et al. (hereinafter Berstis), U.S. Patent No. 6,510,458 filed 7/15/1999.

In regard to independent claim 1, Lamkin 011 teaches a DVD (a storage medium), AV data, including HTML documents in directories to reproduce said AV data in an interactive mode (a DVD video content and HTML content with extra information regarding said video encoded on said DVD, playable via computer connected to the Internet) (Lamkin 011 Abstract, paragraph [0035], [0039], [0066], [0068]).

Lamkin 011 teaches a common HTML page (index.htm) in a directory named "common" (a form of startup document) (Lamkin 011 paragraph [0075]).

Lamkin 011 teaches interactive content displayed on an interactive screen (clickable scenes in a displayed HTML Web page) (see Lamkin 011 at least paragraph [0066]. Lamkin 011 does not specifically teach embedding AV data (e.g. a movie) within said interactive screen (e.g. Lamkin 011's Web page). However, Lamkin 344 teaches playback of video within a Web page (Lamkin 344 paragraphs [0050], [0053], [0075]). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to apply Lamkin 344 to Lamkin 011, providing Lamkin 011 the convenience of interactive content in proximity to video playback.

Lamkin 011 does not specifically teach displaying information according to a "set parental level".

However, Berstis teaches Web filtering whereby a user selectable ratings service is used to rate Web content,

Art Unit: 2176

screening objectionable content, therefore blocking transmission, etc. (Berstis Abstract, column 12 lines 5-10, 13-18, column 13 lines 15-20, 25-46, 54-59, column 18 lines 44-48, Figures 6-9). It is additionally noted that Berstis teaches that HTTP is a known protocol for transferring data files (e.g. text, audio, motion video, etc.) (Berstis column 6 lines 35-42). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to apply Berstis to Lamkin 011, providing Lamkin 011 the benefit of restricting objectionable content for greater parental control (i.e. providing customized HTML content in Lamkin 011's directories accordingly, based on Berstis's parental level (rules) selection). (see Berstis column 13 lines 16-20, 47-53).

In regard to dependent claim 2, Lamkin 011 does not specifically teach meta-information. However, Berstis teaches HTML meta-information associated with parental levels (Berstis column 10 lines 10-19). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to apply Berstis to Lamkin 011, providing Lamkin 011 the benefit of meta-data to more accurately describe parental data.

In regard to dependent claim 3, Lamkin 011 teaches a DVD (a storage medium), AV data, including HTML documents in directories to reproduce said AV data in an interactive mode (Lamkin 011 Abstract, paragraph [0035], [0039], [0066], [0068]). Lamkin 011 does not specifically teach displaying pages according to a parental level. However, Berstis teaches specifying which sites (HTML pages) a user is allowed to see, based on a selected parental level (Berstis Figure 7). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to apply Berstis's levels to Lamkin 011's HTML selection, providing Lamkin 011 the benefit of selecting which HTML page to view based on parental levels.

In regard to dependent claim 4, Lamkin 011 teaches a directory of HTML documents. Lamkin 011 does not specifically teach link information according to a parental level. However, Berstis teaches specifying which sites (HTML pages) a user is allowed to see, based on a selected parental level (Berstis Figure 7). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to apply Berstis's levels

to Lamkin 011's HTML selection, providing Lamkin 011 the benefit of selecting which HTML page (via links) to view based on parental levels.

In regard to independent claim 6, Lamkin 011 teaches a DVD (a storage medium), AV data, including HTML documents in directories to reproduce said AV data in an interactive mode (a DVD video content and HTML content with extra information regarding said video encoded on said DVD, playable via computer connected to the Internet) (Lamkin 011 Abstract, paragraph [0035], [0039], [0066], [0068]).

Lamkin 011 teaches various directories (i.e. directories and subdirectories) storing both DVD content and HTML content accordingly (Lamkin 011 paragraph [0035]).

Lamkin 011 teaches a common HTML page (index.htm) in a directory named "common" (a form of startup document) (Lamkin 011 paragraph [0075]).

Lamkin 011 teaches interactive content displayed on an interactive screen (clickable scenes in a displayed HTML Web page) (see Lamkin 011 at least paragraph [0066]. Lamkin 011 does not specifically teach embedding AV data (e.g. a movie) within said interactive screen (e.g. Lamkin 011's Web page). However, Lamkin 344 teaches playback of video within a Web page (Lamkin 344 paragraphs [0050], [0053], [0075]). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to apply Lamkin 344 to Lamkin 011, providing Lamkin 011 the convenience of interactive content in proximity to video playback.

Lamkin 011 does not specifically teach displaying information according to a "set parental level". However, Berstis teaches Web filtering whereby a user selectable ratings service is used to rate Web content, screening objectionable content, therefore blocking transmission, etc. (Berstis Abstract, column 12 lines 5-10, 13-18, column 13 lines 15-20, 25-46, 54-59, column 18 lines 44-48, Figures 6-9). It is additionally noted that Berstis teaches that HTTP is a known protocol for transferring data files (e.g. text, audio, motion video, etc.) (Berstis column 6 lines 35-42). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to apply Berstis to Lamkin 011, providing Lamkin 011 the benefit of restricting objectionable content

Art Unit: 2176

for greater parental control (i.e. providing customized HTML content in Lamkin 011's directories/sub-directories accordingly, based on Berstis's parental level selection). (see Berstis column 13 lines 16-20, 47-53).

In regard to independent claim 7, Lamkin 011 teaches a DVD (a storage medium), AV data, including HTML documents in directories to reproduce said AV data in an interactive mode (a DVD video content and HTML content with extra information regarding said video encoded on said DVD, playable via computer connected to the Internet) (Lamkin 011 Abstract, paragraph [0035], [0039], [0066], [0068]).

Lamkin 011 teaches various directories (i.e. directories and subdirectories) storing both DVD content and HTML content accordingly (Lamkin 011 paragraph [0035]).

Lamkin 011 teaches a common HTML page (index.htm) in a directory named "common" (a form of startup document) (Lamkin 011 paragraph [0075]).

Lamkin 011 teaches interactive content displayed on an interactive screen (clickable scenes in a displayed HTML Web page) (see Lamkin 011 at least paragraph [0066]. Lamkin 011 does not specifically teach embedding AV data (e.g. a movie) within said interactive screen (e.g. Lamkin 011's Web page). However, Lamkin 344 teaches playback of video within a Web page (Lamkin 344 paragraphs [0050], [0053], [0075]). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to apply Lamkin 344 to Lamkin 011, providing Lamkin 011 the convenience of interactive content in proximity to video playback.

Lamkin 011 does not specifically teach displaying information according to a "set parental level". However, Berstis teaches Web filtering whereby a user selectable ratings service is used to rate Web content, screening objectionable content, therefore blocking transmission, etc. (Berstis Abstract, column 12 lines 5-10, 13-18, column 13 lines 15-20, 25-46, 54-59, column 18 lines 44-48, Figures 6-9). It is additionally noted that Berstis teaches that HTTP is a known protocol for transferring data files (e.g. text, audio, motion video, etc.) (Berstis column 6 lines 35-42). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to apply Berstis to Lamkin 011, providing Lamkin 011 the benefit of restricting objectionable content

for greater parental control (i.e. providing customized HTML content in Lamkin 011's directories/sub-directories accordingly, based on Berstis's parental level selection). (see Berstis column 13 lines 16-20, 47-53).

In regard to dependent claim 8, Lamkin 011 teaches clicking on a scene in an H?TML document links the user to that DVD scene (HTML linking generally implement using a link tag (Lamkin 011 paragraph [0066]).

In regard to independent claim 9, claim 9 incorporates substantially similar subject matter as claimed in claim 1, and is rejected along the same rationale.

In regard to dependent claims 10, 11, Lamkin 011 does not specifically teach displaying information according to a "set parental level" (two or more levels). However, Berstis teaches Web filtering whereby a user selectable ratings service is used to rate Web content, screening objectionable content, therefore blocking transmission, etc. (Berstis Abstract, column 12 lines 5-10, 13-18, column 13 lines 15-20, 25-46, 54-59, column 18 lines 44-48, Figures 6-9). It is additionally noted that Berstis teaches that HTTP is a known protocol for transferring data files (e.g. text, audio, motion video, etc.) (Berstis column 6 lines 35-42). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to apply Berstis to Lamkin 011, providing Lamkin 011 the benefit of restricting objectionable content for greater parental control (i.e. providing customized HTML content (i.e. two or more levels reflected in HTML pages) in Lamkin 011's directories/sub-directories accordingly, based on Berstis's parental level selection). (see Berstis column 13 lines 16-20, 47-53).

Lamkin 011 teaches a stylesheet (i.e. CSS) (Lamkin 011 paragraph [0124]).

In regard to dependent claims 12, 13, Lamkin 011 does not specifically teach displaying information according to a "set parental level" (two or more levels, class values, etc.). However, Berstis teaches Web filtering whereby a user selectable ratings service is used to rate Web content, screening objectionable content,

Art Unit: 2176

therefore blocking transmission, etc., based upon a numerical (value) level control (Berstis Abstract, column 12 lines 5-10, 13-18, column 13 lines 15-20, 25-46, 54-59, column 18 lines 44-48, Figures 6-9, Figure 7). It is additionally noted that Berstis teaches that HTTP is a known protocol for transferring data files (e.g. text, audio, motion video, etc.) (Berstis column 6 lines 35-42). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to apply Berstis to Lamkin 011, providing Lamkin 011 the benefit of restricting objectionable content for greater parental control (i.e. providing customized HTML content (i.e. two or more levels reflected in HTML pages) in Lamkin 011's directories/sub-directories accordingly, based on Berstis's parental level selection), (see Berstis column 13 lines 16-20, 47-53).

Lamkin 011 teaches a stylesheet (i.e. CSS) (Lamkin 011 paragraph [0124]).

In regard to dependent claim 14, Lamkin 011 teaches DVD data. Lamkin 011 does not specifically teach parental levels meeting DVD standards. However, Berstis teaches RSAC, a ratings service for computer games (typically distributed on CD or DVD, as well as MPAA for movies (typically on DVDs) (Berstis column 13 lines 15-20, 40-46). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to apply Berstis to Lamkin 011, providing Lamkin 011 the benefit of ratings for parental control.

In regard to independent claim 17, claim 17 reflects the method comprising computer readable instructions used for implementing the computer product as claimed in claim 1, and is rejected along the same rationale.

In regard to dependent claim 18, Lamkin 011 teaches a DVD (a storage medium), AV data, including HTML documents in directories to reproduce said AV data in an interactive mode (Lamkin 011 Abstract, paragraph [0035], [0039], [0066], [0068]). Lamkin 011 does not specifically teach displaying pages according to a parental level. However, Berstis teaches specifying which sites (HTML pages) a user is allowed to see, based on a selected parental level (Berstis Figure 7). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at

the time of the invention to apply Berstis's levels to Lamkin 011's HTML selection, providing Lamkin 011 the benefit of selecting which HTML page to view based on parental levels.

Lamkin 011 teaches a directory of HTML documents. Lamkin 011 does not specifically teach link information according to a parental level. However, Berstis teaches specifying which sites (HTML pages) a user is allowed to see, based on a selected parental level (Berstis Figure 7). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to apply Berstis's levels to Lamkin 011's HTML selection, providing Lamkin 011 the benefit of selecting which HTML page (via links) to view based on parental levels.

In regard to independent claim 20, Lamkin 011 teaches a DVD (a storage medium), AV data, including HTML documents in directories to reproduce said AV data in an interactive mode (a DVD video content and HTML content with extra information regarding said video encoded on said DVD, playable via computer connected to the Internet) (Lamkin 011 Abstract, paragraph [0035], [0039], [0066], [0068]).

Lamkin 011 teaches various directories (i.e. directories and subdirectories) storing both DVD content and HTML content accordingly (Lamkin 011 paragraph [0035]).

Lamkin 011 teaches a common HTML page (index.htm) in a directory named "common" (a form of startup document) (Lamkin 011 paragraph [0075]).

Lamkin 011 teaches interactive content displayed on an interactive screen (clickable scenes in a displayed HTML Web page) (see Lamkin 011 at least paragraph [0066]. Lamkin 011 does not specifically teach embedding AV data (e.g. a movie) within said interactive screen (e.g. Lamkin 011's Web page). However, Lamkin 344 teaches playback of video within a Web page (Lamkin 344 paragraphs [0050], [0053], [0075]). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to apply Lamkin 344 to Lamkin 011, providing Lamkin 011 the convenience of interactive content in proximity to video playback.

Lamkin 011 does not specifically teach displaying information according to a "set parental level".

However, Berstis teaches Web filtering whereby a user selectable ratings service is used to rate Web content, screening objectionable content, therefore blocking transmission, etc. (Berstis Abstract, column 12 lines 5-10,

Art Unit: 2176

13-18, column 13 lines 15-20, 25-46, 54-59, column 18 lines 44-48, Figures 6-9). It is additionally noted that Berstis teaches that HTTP is a known protocol for transferring data files (e.g. text, audio, motion video, etc.) (Berstis column 6 lines 35-42). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to apply Berstis to Lamkin 011, providing Lamkin 011 the benefit of restricting objectionable content for greater parental control (i.e. providing customized HTML content in Lamkin 011's directories/sub-directories accordingly, based on Berstis's parental level selection). (see Berstis column 13 lines 16-20, 47-53).

In regard to independent claim 22, Lamkin 011 teaches a DVD (a storage medium), AV data, including HTML documents in directories to reproduce said AV data in an interactive mode (a DVD video content and HTML content with extra information regarding said video encoded on said DVD, playable via computer connected to the Internet) (Lamkin 011 Abstract, paragraph [0035], [0039], [0066], [0068]).

Lamkin 011 teaches various directories (i.e. directories and subdirectories) storing both DVD content and HTML content accordingly (Lamkin 011 paragraph [0035]).

Lamkin 011 teaches a common HTML page (index.htm) in a directory named "common" (a form of startup document) (Lamkin 011 paragraph [0075]).

Lamkin 011 teaches interactive content displayed on an interactive screen (clickable scenes in a displayed HTML Web page) (see Lamkin 011 at least paragraph [0066]. Lamkin 011 does not specifically teach embedding AV data (e.g. a movie) within said interactive screen (e.g. Lamkin 011's Web page). However, Lamkin 344 teaches playback of video within a Web page (Lamkin 344 paragraphs [0050], [0053], [0075]). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to apply Lamkin 344 to Lamkin 011, providing Lamkin 011 the convenience of interactive content in proximity to video playback.

Lamkin 011 does not specifically teach displaying information according to a "set parental level". However, Berstis teaches Web filtering whereby a user selectable ratings service is used to rate Web content, screening objectionable content, therefore blocking transmission, etc. (Berstis Abstract, column 12 lines 5-10, 13-18, column 13 lines 15-20, 25-46, 54-59, column 18 lines 44-48, Figures 6-9). It is additionally noted that

Berstis teaches that HTTP is a known protocol for transferring data files (e.g. text, audio, motion video, etc.) (Berstis column 6 lines 35-42). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to apply Berstis to Lamkin 011, providing Lamkin 011 the benefit of restricting objectionable content for greater parental control (i.e. providing customized HTML content in Lamkin 011's directories/sub-directories accordingly, based on Berstis's parental level selection). (see Berstis column 13 lines 16-20, 47-53).

Lamkin 011 does not specifically teach displaying information according to a "set parental level" (two or more levels, class values, etc.). However, Berstis teaches Web filtering whereby a user selectable ratings service is used to rate Web content, screening objectionable content, therefore blocking transmission, etc., based upon a numerical (value) level control (Berstis Abstract, column 12 lines 5-10, 13-18, column 13 lines 15-20, 25-46, 54-59, column 18 lines 44-48, Figures 6-9, Figure 7). It is additionally noted that Berstis teaches that HTTP is a known protocol for transferring data files (e.g. text, audio, motion video, etc.) (Berstis column 6 lines 35-42). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to apply Berstis to Lamkin 011, providing Lamkin 011 the benefit of restricting objectionable content for greater parental control (i.e. providing customized HTML content (i.e. two or more levels reflected in HTML pages) in Lamkin 011's directories/sub-directories accordingly, based on Berstis's parental level selection). (see Berstis column 13 lines 16-20, 47-53).

In regard to independent claim 25, claim 25 reflects the apparatus comprising computer readable instructions used for implementing the computer product as claimed in claims 1, and 12, and is rejected along the same rationale.

In addition, Lamkin 011 teaches "Blending" (Lamkin 011 paragraph [0153]).

In regard to dependent claims 26, 27, Lamkin 011 teaches a stylesheet (i.e. CSS) (Lamkin 011 paragraph [0124]).

In regard to independent claim 34, claim 34 reflects the apparatus comprising computer readable instructions used for implementing the computer product as claimed in claim 1, and is rejected along the same rationale.

In regard to dependent claims 35, 36, 37, 38, Lamkin 011 teaches "Blending" (Lamkin 011 paragraph [0153]). Lamkin 011 teaches a plug-in, and a network (Lamkin 011 paragraph [0220], Figure 1).

In regard to dependent claims 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, Lamkin 011 does not specifically teach ratings. However, Berstis teaches ratings (Berstis column 13 lines 15-20. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to apply Berstis to Lamkin 011, providing Lamkin 011 the benefit of a standard ratings system for increased ratings consistency.

Lamkin 011 teaches an API (Lamkin 011 paragraph [0051]).

Lamkin 011 does not specifically teach meta-information. However, Berstis teaches HTML meta-information associated with parental levels (Berstis column 10 lines 10-19). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to apply Berstis to Lamkin 011, providing Lamkin 011 the benefit of meta-data to more accurately describe parental data.

Lamkin 011 teaches a DVD (a storage medium), AV data, including HTML documents in directories to reproduce said AV data in an interactive mode (Lamkin 011 Abstract, paragraph [0035], [0039], [0066], [0068]). Lamkin 011 does not specifically teach displaying pages according to a parental level. However, Berstis teaches specifying which sites (HTML pages) a user is allowed to see, based on a selected parental level (Berstis Figure 7). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to apply Berstis's levels to Lamkin 011's HTML selection, providing Lamkin 011 the benefit of selecting which HTML page to view based on parental levels.

In regard to dependent claims 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, Lamkin 011 teaches an index.htm file for general information and general AV, said file typically stored in a "root" directory (Lamkin 011 paragraph [0075]).

Lamkin 011 teaches a directory of HTML documents. Lamkin 011 does not specifically teach link information according to a parental level. However, Berstis teaches specifying which sites (HTML pages) a user is allowed to see, based on a selected parental level (Berstis Figure 7). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to apply Berstis's levels to Lamkin 011's HTML selection, providing Lamkin 011 the benefit of selecting which HTML page (via links) to view based on parental levels.

Lamkin 011 teaches a stylesheet (i.e. CSS), and a scripting language (Lamkin 011 paragraph [0124]).

In regard to independent claim 51, Lamkin 011 teaches a DVD (a storage medium), AV data, including HTML documents in directories to reproduce said AV data in an interactive mode (a DVD video content and HTML content with extra information regarding said video encoded on said DVD, playable via computer connected to the Internet) (Lamkin 011 Abstract, paragraph [0035], [0039], [0066], [0068]).

Lamkin 011 teaches various directories (i.e. directories and subdirectories) storing both DVD content and HTML content accordingly (Lamkin 011 paragraph [0035]).

Lamkin 011 teaches a common HTML page (index.htm) in a directory named "common" (a form of startup document) (Lamkin 011 paragraph [0075]).

Lamkin 011 teaches interactive content displayed on an interactive screen (clickable scenes in a displayed HTML Web page) (see Lamkin 011 at least paragraph [0066]. Lamkin 011 does not specifically teach embedding AV data (e.g. a movie) within said interactive screen (e.g. Lamkin 011's Web page). However, Lamkin 344 teaches playback of video within a Web page (Lamkin 344 paragraphs [0050], [0053], [0075]). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to apply Lamkin 344 to Lamkin 011, providing Lamkin 011 the convenience of interactive content in proximity to video playback.

Lamkin 011 does not specifically teach displaying information according to a "set parental level".

However, Berstis teaches Web filtering whereby a user selectable ratings service is used to rate Web content,

screening objectionable content, therefore blocking transmission, etc. (Berstis Abstract, column 12 lines 5-10, 13-18, column 13 lines 15-20, 25-46, 54-59, column 18 lines 44-48, Figures 6-9). It is additionally noted that Berstis teaches that HTTP is a known protocol for transferring data files (e.g. text, audio, motion video, etc.) (Berstis column 6 lines 35-42). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to apply Berstis to Lamkin 011, providing Lamkin 011 the benefit of restricting objectionable content for greater parental control (i.e. providing customized HTML content in Lamkin 011's directories/sub-directories accordingly, based on Berstis's parental level selection). (see Berstis column 13 lines 16-20, 47-53).

Lamkin 011 does not specifically teach displaying information according to a "set parental level" (two or more levels, class values, etc.). However, Berstis teaches Web filtering whereby a user selectable ratings service is used to rate Web content, screening objectionable content, therefore blocking transmission, etc., based upon a numerical (value) level control (Berstis Abstract, column 12 lines 5-10, 13-18, column 13 lines 15-20, 25-46, 54-59, column 18 lines 44-48, Figures 6-9, Figure 7). It is additionally noted that Berstis teaches that HTTP is a known protocol for transferring data files (e.g. text, audio, motion video, etc.) (Berstis column 6 lines 35-42). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to apply Berstis to Lamkin 011, providing Lamkin 011 the benefit of restricting objectionable content for greater parental control (i.e. providing customized HTML content (i.e. two or more levels reflected in HTML pages) in Lamkin 011's directories/sub-directories accordingly, based on Berstis's parental level selection). (see Berstis column 13 lines 16-20, 47-53).

In regard to independent claim 52, Lamkin 011 teaches a DVD (a storage medium), AV data, including HTML documents in directories to reproduce said AV data in an interactive mode (a DVD video content and HTML content with extra information regarding said video encoded on said DVD, playable via computer connected to the Internet) (Lamkin 011 Abstract, paragraph [0035], [0039], [0066], [0068]).

Lamkin 011 teaches various directories (i.e. directories and subdirectories) storing both DVD content and HTML content accordingly (Lamkin 011 paragraph [0035]).

Art Unit: 2176

Lamkin 011 teaches a common HTML page (index.htm) in a directory named "common" (a form of startup document) (Lamkin 011 paragraph [0075]).

Lamkin 011 teaches interactive content displayed on an interactive screen (clickable scenes in a displayed HTML Web page) (see Lamkin 011 at least paragraph [0066]. Lamkin 011 does not specifically teach embedding AV data (e.g. a movie) within said interactive screen (e.g. Lamkin 011's Web page). However, Lamkin 344 teaches playback of video within a Web page (Lamkin 344 paragraphs [0050], [0053], [0075]). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to apply Lamkin 344 to Lamkin 011, providing Lamkin 011 the convenience of interactive content in proximity to video playback.

Lamkin 011 does not specifically teach displaying information according to a "set parental level". However, Berstis teaches Web filtering whereby a user selectable ratings service is used to rate Web content, screening objectionable content, therefore blocking transmission, etc. (Berstis Abstract, column 12 lines 5-10, 13-18, column 13 lines 15-20, 25-46, 54-59, column 18 lines 44-48, Figures 6-9). It is additionally noted that Berstis teaches that HTTP is a known protocol for transferring data files (e.g. text, audio, motion video, etc.) (Berstis column 6 lines 35-42). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to apply Berstis to Lamkin 011, providing Lamkin 011 the benefit of restricting objectionable content for greater parental control (i.e. providing customized HTML content in Lamkin 011's directories/sub-directories accordingly, based on Berstis's parental level selection). (see Berstis column 13 lines 16-20, 47-53).

Lamkin 011 does not specifically teach displaying information according to a "set parental level" (two or more levels, class values, etc.). However, Berstis teaches Web filtering whereby a user selectable ratings service is used to rate Web content, screening objectionable content, therefore blocking transmission, etc., based upon a numerical (value) level control (Berstis Abstract, column 12 lines 5-10, 13-18, column 13 lines 15-20, 25-46, 54-59, column 18 lines 44-48, Figures 6-9, Figure 7). It is additionally noted that Berstis teaches that HTTP is a known protocol for transferring data files (e.g. text, audio, motion video, etc.) (Berstis column 6 lines 35-42). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to apply Berstis to Lamkin 011, providing Lamkin 011 the benefit of restricting objectionable content for greater parental control

(i.e. providing customized HTML content (i.e. two or more levels reflected in HTML pages) in Lamkin 011's directories/sub-directories accordingly, based on Berstis's parental level selection). (see Berstis column 13 lines 16-20, 47-53).

Lamkin 011 teaches embedding AV data within an HTML document (Lamkin 011 paragraph [0117]), and a display device (Lamkin 011 Figure 1 item 138).

9. Claims 19, 50 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Lamkin 011, Lamkin 344, and Berstis, and further in view of Kenner et al. (hereinafter Kenner), U.S. Patent No. 6,421,726 provisional filing 3/14/1997.

In regard to dependent claim 19, Lamkin 011 does not specifically teach a warning message. However, Kenner teaches a warning message (Kenner column 16 lines 51-55, 62-65, see also lines 8-21). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to apply Kenner to Lamkin 011, providing Lamkin 011 the benefit of warning messages for indicating status accordingly.

In regard to independent claim 50, Lamkin 011 teaches a DVD (a storage medium), AV data, including HTML documents in directories to reproduce said AV data in an interactive mode (a DVD video content and HTML content with extra information regarding said video encoded on said DVD, playable via computer connected to the Internet) (Lamkin 011 Abstract, paragraph [0035], [0039], [0066], [0068]).

Lamkin 011 teaches various directories (i.e. directories and subdirectories) storing both DVD content and HTML content accordingly (Lamkin 011 paragraph [0035]).

Lamkin 011 teaches a common HTML page (index.htm) in a directory named "common" (a form of startup document) (Lamkin 011 paragraph [0075]).

Lamkin 011 teaches interactive content displayed on an interactive screen (clickable scenes in a displayed HTML Web page) (see Lamkin 011 at least paragraph [0066]. Lamkin 011 does not specifically teach embedding AV data (e.g. a movie) within said interactive screen (e.g. Lamkin 011's Web page). However, Lamkin 344 teaches playback of video within a Web page (Lamkin 344 paragraphs [0050], [0053], [0075]). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to apply Lamkin 344 to Lamkin 011, providing Lamkin 011 the convenience of interactive content in proximity to video playback.

Lamkin 011 does not specifically teach displaying information according to a "set parental level". However, Berstis teaches Web filtering whereby a user selectable ratings service is used to rate Web content, screening objectionable content, therefore blocking transmission, etc. (Berstis Abstract, column 12 lines 5-10, 13-18, column 13 lines 15-20, 25-46, 54-59, column 18 lines 44-48, Figures 6-9). It is additionally noted that Berstis teaches that HTTP is a known protocol for transferring data files (e.g. text, audio, motion video, etc.) (Berstis column 6 lines 35-42). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to apply Berstis to Lamkin 011, providing Lamkin 011 the benefit of restricting objectionable content for greater parental control (i.e. providing customized HTML content in Lamkin 011's directories/sub-directories accordingly, based on Berstis's parental level selection). (see Berstis column 13 lines 16-20, 47-53).

Lamkin 011 does not specifically teach a warning message. However, Kenner teaches a warning message (Kenner column 16 lines 51-55, 62-65, see also lines 8-21). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to apply Kenner to Lamkin 011, providing Lamkin 011 the benefit of warning messages for indicating status accordingly.

Lamkin 011 teaches a DVD (a storage medium), AV data, including HTML documents in directories to reproduce said AV data in an interactive mode (Lamkin 011 Abstract, paragraph [0035], [0039], [0066], [0068]). Lamkin 011 does not specifically teach displaying pages according to a parental level. However, Berstis teaches specifying which sites (HTML pages) a user is allowed to see, based on a selected parental level (Berstis Figure 7). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to apply

Berstis's levels to Lamkin 011's HTML selection, providing Lamkin 011 the benefit of selecting which HTML page to view based on parental levels.

Response to Arguments

10. Applicant's arguments filed 5/22/2007 have been fully and carefully considered but they are not persuasive.

Applicant's arguments on pages 11-16 of the amendment are directed to the assertion that the cited art of record does not teach reproduction of AV data and markup documents in an "interactive" mode involving embedded content, etc.

The examiner respectfully disagrees. Lamkin (now renamed as Lamkin 011) at paragraph [0066] teaches clicking on (video) scenes visually represented in HTML format (e.g. clickable scenes within a Web page), therefore said Web page can be fairly interpreted as a document in interactive mode (an interactive screen), since a user interacts with said document on a screen accordingly. Paragraph [0066] goes on to teach pursuant to a clicked scene, the user is linked to that scene within the DVD-video. Lamkin 011 does not specifically recite that the video is "embedded" within the interactive screen. However, Lamkin 344 does teach video embedded within a Web page window. This teaching is applied to Lamkin 011 accordingly. It is respectfully noted that both Lamkin 011, and Lamkin 344, appear to describe the same invention.

Applicant argues on page 13 of the amendment that Berstis does not teach parental rating information as part of the markup documents. The examiner respectfully disagrees. It is unclear from the instant claims whether said claimed "set parental level" is integrated as part of the markup language documents stored in a storage medium. Assuming arguendo that Applicant's position is adopted (the Office does not admit this), Berstis (Berstis 458) does teach a PICS platform, comprising a form of standardized content labeling for ratings purposes (see Berstis 458 at least column 12 lines 54-65).

Art Unit: 2176

Conclusion

11. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be

directed to William L. Bashore whose telephone number is (571) 272-4088. The examiner can normally be

reached on 9:00 am - 5:30 pm EST.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Doug

Hutton can be reached on (571) 272-4137. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or

proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

12. Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application

Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from

either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through

Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you

have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-

9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the

automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

WILLIAM BASHORE PRIMARY EXAMINER

August 2, 2007